LITTLE EXPLORERS

Newsletter

Class –III Month – January TODAY is the day to learn something

Creative Hands at Work

Children weaved alphabets of their name with wool and used them as key chain holders, bag tags and decorated their rooms with enthusiasm.



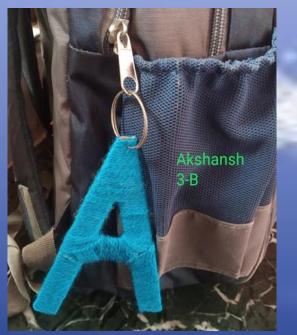


Disha Gautam









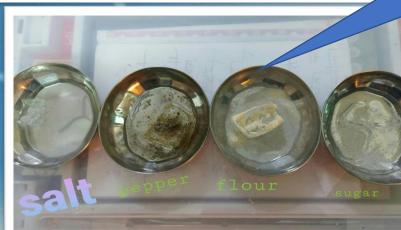
Little Scientists at

work

Children performed simple science experiments at home to explore about 'Science Around Us' and learnt some interesting facts through them. The ice with flour took the most time to melt.

Fun with Ice





When we sprinkled salt on ice, it melted very fast.



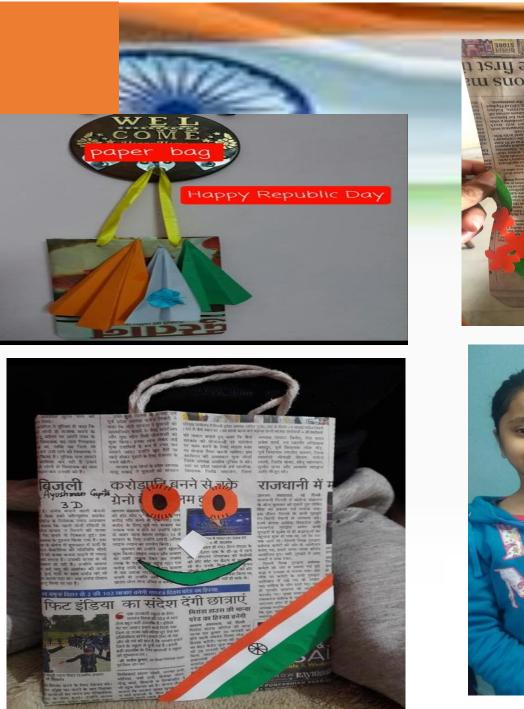


When we covered the burning candle with a glass. It stopped burning.

Republic Day – Art Activity

To inculcate the value of patriotism in the children, they made paper bags and decorated them with tricolour.









Republic Day Activity - कविता गायन

सारे जहां से अच्छा हिंदुस्तान हमारा, हम बुलबुले हैं इसके यह गुलिस्ता हमारा "हर भारतवासी की तरह देशभक्ति की भावना को महसूस करते हए हमारे कक्षा तीसरी के छात्रों ने परे उत्साह, जोश और उल्लास के साथ 72 वें गणतंत्र दिवस के अवसर पर देश के वीरों और तिरंगे ध्वज को नमन करते हुए सुंदर कविता गायन किया।









Country of the Month - Pakistan

A discussion was done with the children on our neighbouring country – Pakistan. The children studied about the monuments of Pakistan and did research work about them with great enthusiasm.

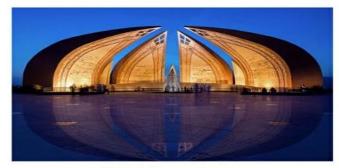
MINAR-e-PAKISTAN

- · Minar-e-Pakistan is a national monument located in Lahore, Pakistan
- · The tower was built between 1960 and 1968 on the site where the All-India Muslim League passed the Lahore Resolution on 23 March 1940 - the first official call for a separate and independent homeland for the Muslims of British India, as espoused by the two-nation theory.
- · The tower reflects a blend of Mughal/Islamic and modern architecture.
- The tower was designed and supervised by, Nasreddin Murat-Khan a Russian-born Pakistani architect and civil engineer
- · Minar-e-Pakistan has served as the location for a number of rallies





1. GHANTA GHAR IS IN FAISALABAD. 2. GHANTA GHAR IS MADE BY SIR CHARLES RAWIZ. **3. GHANTA GHAR IS OLDEST CLOCK TOWER AND IT IS** MADE IN NINETEENTH CENTURY.



NAME: Pakistan monument

This is a National monument and heritage museum located on the western Shakarparian hills in Islamabad.

It made by ministry of culture, Pakistan.

The monument was constructed to symbolize the unity of Pakistani People it is dedicated to the people of Pakistan who is sacrificed their "today" for a better "Tomorrow". Its elevation make the monument visible from across the Islamabad-Rawalpindi metro Politan area and is a popular tourist destination .





1. Faisalabad · is · a · Clock · Tower · of · Pakistan ¶ 2.It-is-made-up-in-the-year-1892-and-founded-by--Sir-James-Broadwood-Lyall¶ 3. Faisalabad is famous for its food 9



(Pakistan Monument)

The Gumti Water Fountain is a monument in Faisalabad. Pakistan preserved from the British Raj Era. It was built during the early nineteenth century.

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IT – Integration

Winter is Here

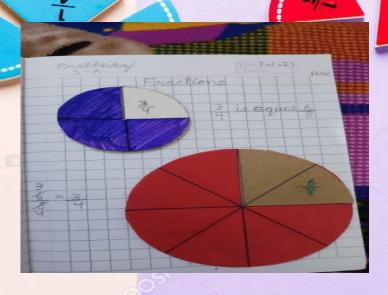


Fun with Fractions

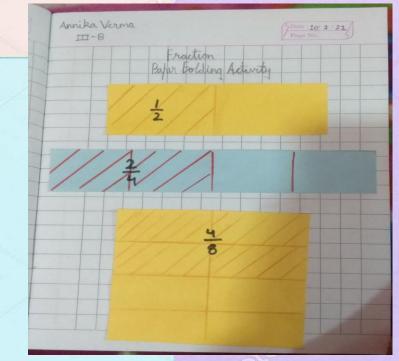
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To help children understand the concept of fraction and its uses, they participated in paper folding activity and made fraction wheel with great enthusiasm.





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Mission – Spreading Awareness (Think Green)

Children were motivated to spread awareness about social issues even during the time of pandemic. The children made paper planes and wrote their mission on it. Children were also motivated to create their videos or eposters and circulate them through social media.



<u>गीला कचरा - सूखा कचरा</u>

कच्चा पापड़, पक्का पापड़ गए समय की बात है, गीला कचरा, सूखा कचरा नए समय की बात है। गीला कचरा - सूखा कचरा कूड़े के हैं दो प्रकार, अलग अलग ही इनको डालें याद रखेंगे हम हर बार।

and an entering of the state of the

गीला कचरा?

बचा हुआ खाना हो या फल-सब्जी के छिलके, मांस, मछली, अंडा हो या पेड़ पौधों के पत्ते, और सुखा कचरा ?

प्लास्टिक का सामान हो, या लोहा गत्ता, चमड़ा, कागज, कांच, रबड़, पॉलीथीन, कार्ड बोर्ड या कपड़ा। नीले और हरे का रखना ध्यान,

एक नहीं अब दो हैं कूड़ेदान।

गीला कचरा डालेंगे हम हरे कूडेदान में

और डालेंगे सूखा कचरा नीले कूड़ेदान में।

तो बोलो-बोलो-बोलो

कच्चा पापड़, पक्का पापड़ गए समय की बात है,

गीला कचरा, सूखा कचरा अलग अलग ही डालना

यही नए समय की बात है।

- अन्निका वर्मा, 3-बी







